

Biology Bricks Keywords

What This is About

Please use this document to help further your knowledge, by printing out the keywords associated with the relevant page.

This document is set up for you to cut out the keywords (and laminate them if you think it will help), to be used as a quick guide reference for the subject matter that is included.

Warning

Please note: the keywords included in this document are those that link with the page subject matter. They may relate to other pages as well, but they are meant for the page that the link is provided from. Use them as a resource as you so wish.

Printing

Please feel free **not** to print this page of the document, it is merely a reference and information page.

Skull

The skull is made up of 22 bones that connect together to protect the brain, and allow nerve cells and circulation to go through in places.



Brain

The skull protects one of the most important parts of the body – the brain.



Facial Features

The skull determines your facial features, as your face, though not connected, lays on the front of the skull.



Jaw

Your jaw is the only part of the skull that moves, and is called the mandible. It enables us to eat and move for speech.



Mandible

The mandible is the only part of the skull that can move, and is also called the jaw.



Nose

Your nose is mostly cartilage, but that cartilage connects to the bone of the skull, which has two nasal compartments.



Eye

Your eyes are protected to some degree by the skull, and without the sockets in there, they would fall about.



Sockets

The sockets are what hold the eyes in place. If you look at a skull, it has the holes in the front of it showing where the eyes were.



Cranial Bones

These bones are what support and protect the brain. There are more than 20 bones in the skull.

