

Biology Bricks Keywords

What This is About

Please use this document to help further your knowledge, by printing out the keywords associated with the relevant page.

This document is set up for you to cut out the keywords (and laminate them if you think it will help), to be used as a quick guide reference for the subject matter that is included.

Warning

Please note: the keywords included in this document are those that link with the page subject matter. They may relate to other pages as well, but they are meant for the page that the link is provided from. Use them as a resource as you so wish.

Printing

Please feel free **not** to print this page of the document, it is merely a reference and information page.

Endoskeleton

An endoskeleton is a skeleton that is inside the organism. Most organisms have this, though insects, shellfish and other ocean-faring organisms have exoskeletons.



Bones

Your bones make up your inner body structure. They connect together to make a skeleton, which holds us upright.



Skeleton

A skeleton, whether inside or outside, is a collection of structures that holds a body together.



Fats

Our skeleton stores and releases fats that our body needs to maintain itself.



Organs

The skeleton provides a level of protection for the organs in our body. The ribcage especially protects your heart and lungs, along with the liver.



Blood

The skeleton creates stem cells, which have no function until they are needed. They are converted to red blood cells for your circulatory system.



Movement

Skeletons allow us to move. We can move around (stand, walk, run even) using the bones in our body.



Upright

Primarily, a human will stand upright, however we can sit down. Our skeleton allows us to move our body in certain ways.



Structure

Your skeleton is a structure under the skin that provides a solid feel to it, and enables us to move.

