# **Biology Bricks Keywords**

## What This is About

Please use this document to help further your knowledge, by printing out the keywords associated with the relevant page.

This document is set up for you to cut out the keywords (and laminate them if you think it will help), to be used as a quick guide reference for the subject matter that is included.

## Warning

**Please note:** the keywords included in this document are those that link with the page subject matter. They may relate to other pages as well, but they are meant for the page that the link is provided from. Use them as a resource as you so wish.

# Printing

Please feel free **not** to print this page of the document, it is merely a reference and information page.



# **Spinal Cord**

The spinal cord connects to the brainstem and provides a super highway for the nerves to transport messages to and from the brain.



#### Lumbar

Lumar cord is just above the sacral cord, and is considered the lower part of the back. It is made up of thick bones that help with support for your body.



## Cervical

The cervical spine holds the cord around the neck area. If at any point there is damage to this area, it could make you completely unable to move from the neck down.



# Sacral

The sacral cord is part of the cord that sits within the Sacrum, which is a piece of bone at the bottom of the spine, being five fused bones.



## Thoracic

The thoracic part of the cord is situated around the chest area. This area deals with nerves coming in from this area to the brain.



# Coccygeal

The coccygeal is at the very end of the spine, and is commonly called the coccyx. It is the most easy bone to damage through falling.



#### Fibrous

The fibrous parts of the spinal cord are all through, however they are most prominent at the end of the cord.



#### **Brainstem**

At the bottom of the brain is the brainstem, which connects to the spinal cord and acts like a bridge between the two.

## Vertebra

Vertebra are the individual bones that make up the spine, and what house the spinal cord.



#### Tumours

As we get older, we are susceptible to things like tumours and abcesses. They can cause minor or serious issues.



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#### Hematoma

A hematoma is a clot within your blood. This can happen in your spinal cord as well, and is an abnormality.





#### **Fractures**

Probably the most commonly known problems with the back and spinal column are fractures. They can happen at any age, but we are more susceptible to them when we are older.

